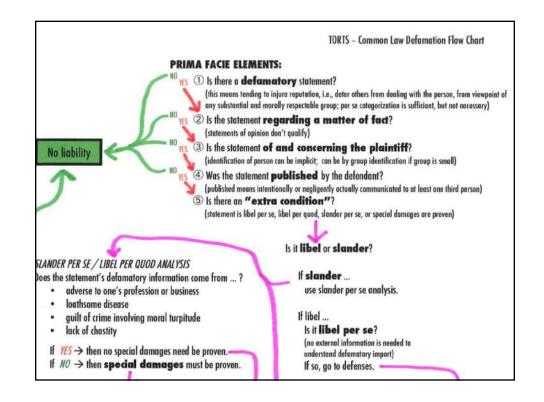


# Defamation 4: Of and Concerning the Plaintiff

Torts Eric E. Johnson ericejohnson.com





# Who can be a defamation plaintiff?

# Who can be a defamation plaintiff?

- Any natural living person
  - If you've heard "You can't defame the dead," that's actually true.
- Non-natural persons (e.g., corporate entities) can be defamed. (This is often called "trade libel.")
  - But various doctrines make it more difficult for these entities to win defamation suits.

# Has the plaintiff been identified?

## Of and concerning the plaintiff

- Explicit identification suffices.
- Identification can also be implicit.
- Identification can even be accidental.

Realotheticals...

Fawcett Publications v. Morris

True magazine

 Magazine story implies that the University of Oklahoma football team uses stimulant drugs. More than 60 people, including plaintiff are on the team.

# Of and concerning the plaintiff?

 Magazine story implies that the University of Oklahoma football team uses stimulant drugs. More than 60 people, including plaintiff are on the team.

- Magazine story implies that the University of Oklahoma football team uses stimulant drugs. More than 60 people, including plaintiff are on the team.
- Yes every member of the Sooners football team was defamed.

  Fawcett Publications v. Morris (Okla. 1962)

### Neiman-Marcus v. Lait

# U.S.A. Confidential

Note: While this is a leading case, it involves language and content that is offensive and bigoted.

Regarding the Neiman-Marcus store in Dallas:

"The sales girls are good, too — pretty, and often much cheaper — twenty bucks on the average."

382 female sales employees

"Neiman's put in a men's store. ... [M]ost of the sales staff are fairies, too."

25 male sales employees

Neiman-Marcus v. Lait (S.D.N.Y.1952)

### Of and concerning the plaintiff?

Regarding the Neiman-Marcus store in Dallas:

"The sales girls are good, too — pretty, and often much cheaper — twenty bucks on the average."

382 female sales employees

→ No. Suit dismissed.

"Neiman's put in a men's store. ... [M]ost of the sales staff are fairies, too."

25 male sales employees

→ Yes. Suit permitted.

Neiman-Marcus v. Lait (S.D.N.Y.1952)

Stanton v. Metro Corp.

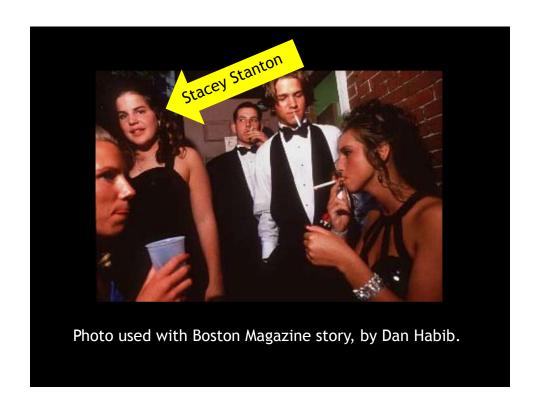
Boston Magazine
"The Mating Habits of the
Suburban Teenager"

Boston Magazine
 published "The Mating
 Habits of the Suburban
 Teenager," reporting
 an increase in teenage
 casual sex.

 An accompanying photo depicted five students at a high school dance.

 A disclaimer said: "The photos on these pages are from an award-winning five-year project on teen sexuality taken by photojournalist Dan Habib. The individuals pictured are unrelated to the people or events described in this story. The names of the teenagers interviewed for this story have been changed." "It's all pretty random. We just get together in small groups of kids and drink a lot and then hook up with whoever." Christine, a curly-haired pixie in the under-90 weight range, chimes in. "Sometimes we'll hook up for two or three months at a time with one person. But no one really ever goes steady. Dating is just really uncommon. No one wants that kind of responsibility, you know? Most of us just go out and get drunk and whatever — hook up at someone's house."

- from the article





# Of and concerning the plaintiff?



• No. The disclaimer avoids identification. Suit dismissed. Stanton v. Metro Corp. (D. Mass. 2005)



- •-No. The disclaimer avoids identification. Suit dismissed. Stanton v. Metro Corp. (D. Mass. 2005)
- Reversed!
- Yes. The reasonable reader might miss the second sentence of the disclaimer. Stanton v. Metro Corp. (1st Cir. 2006)